



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

11/1

[REDACTED]

FILE:

[REDACTED]

Office: TEXAS SERVICE CENTER

Date:

OCT 26 2004

IN RE:

Applicant:

[REDACTED]

APPLICATION:

Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

[REDACTED]

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Cindy M. Gomez for

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

identifying data deleted to
prevent clearly unwarranted
invasion of personal privacy

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DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, Texas Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be summarily dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director denied the application because the applicant failed to establish that she was eligible for late registration.

On appeal, counsel for the applicant asserts that the applicant meets the requirements to be approved for TPS. Counsel states that additional evidence and a brief in support of the appeal will be submitted within 30 days from the date of the appeal. To date, however, no additional materials have been received. Therefore, the record must be considered complete.

An officer to whom an appeal is taken shall summarily dismiss any appeal when the party concerned fails to identify specifically any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal. 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1)(v).

Inasmuch as counsel for the applicant has failed to identify specifically an erroneous conclusion of law or a statement of fact in this proceeding, the appeal must be summarily dismissed.

The applicant filed her initial application for TPS on August 7, 2003, stating that due to the fact that they lived in a rural area they were unfamiliar with the TPS program, and therefore, did not register in time. It is noted that the evidence contained in the record fails to substantiate counsel's assertion that the applicant meets the requirements for TPS.

As always in these proceedings, the burden of proof rests solely with the applicant. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361.

ORDER: The appeal is summarily dismissed.